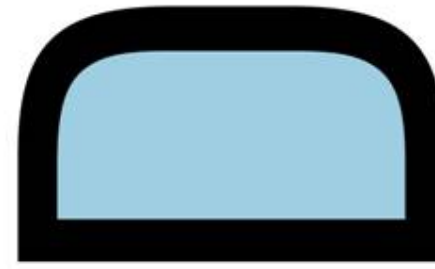




UNIVERSITY OF
CAMBRIDGE

Institute for Manufacturing



AUTO-ID LABS



The Impact of ID Technologies on Aircraft Turnaround Processes

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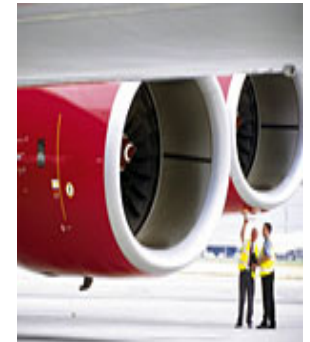
Airport Services Research Programme



Aim: Industrial research programme investigating the impact that ID Technologies will have on Aircraft turnaround processes.



Funded by IATA & SITA
Duration (January – August 2007)



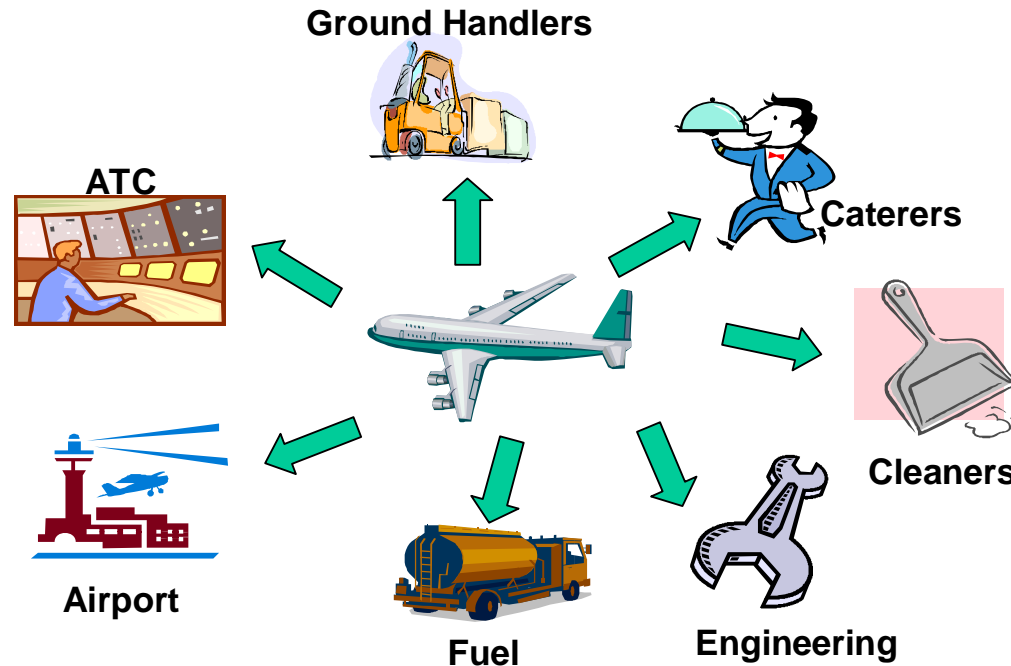
- *How can ID technologies enhance aircraft turnaround processes, improving punctuality and provide better robustness to disturbances ?*
- *How can data sharing between turnaround partners provide better process visibility and new business opportunities ?*



The perfect turnaround a challenge?



- Successful turnaround requires close interaction between turnaround partners in a timely fashion!



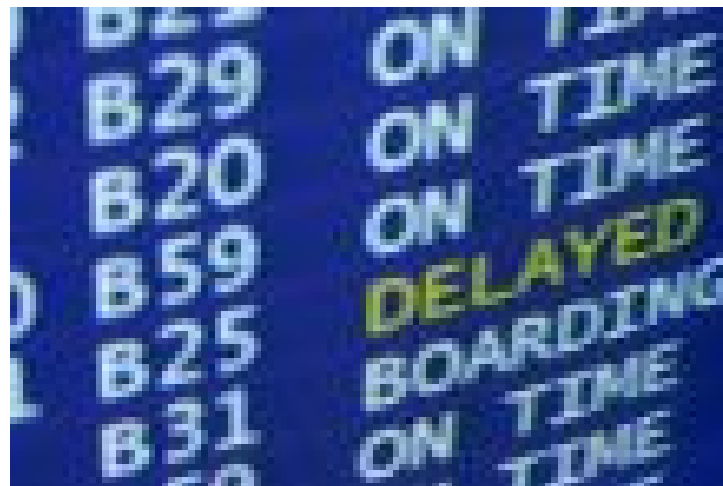
- Different partners interact at different airport locations.
- Processes vary depending on aircraft type and partners involved.



Are on time departures are a problem?



- The need for airlines to minimise costs and improve on time departures is greater than ever.
- 10 largest UK airports - **380,234 departures** (6 months to Nov 05).
- The average departure delay was **17.4 minutes**.
- Equating to departure delays of over **605 hours** (25 days) every day.
- Estimated cost of UK departure delays in 2005 over **£650m**.





Activities to be carried out in the research



**1 Capture requirements & turnaround issues
(Short haul, Long Haul, Cargo Operations)**

**2 Enhance ID analysis tools for turnaround
(Extend Cambridge's current tool set)**

**3 Site analysis of turnaround processes
(Observe turnaround activities)**

**4 Propose new improved processes and benefits
(Adoption Strategies for ID technologies)**



Focused Trial Activities (Research Partners)



Phase 1. Results.

Impact analysis of historic delay data.



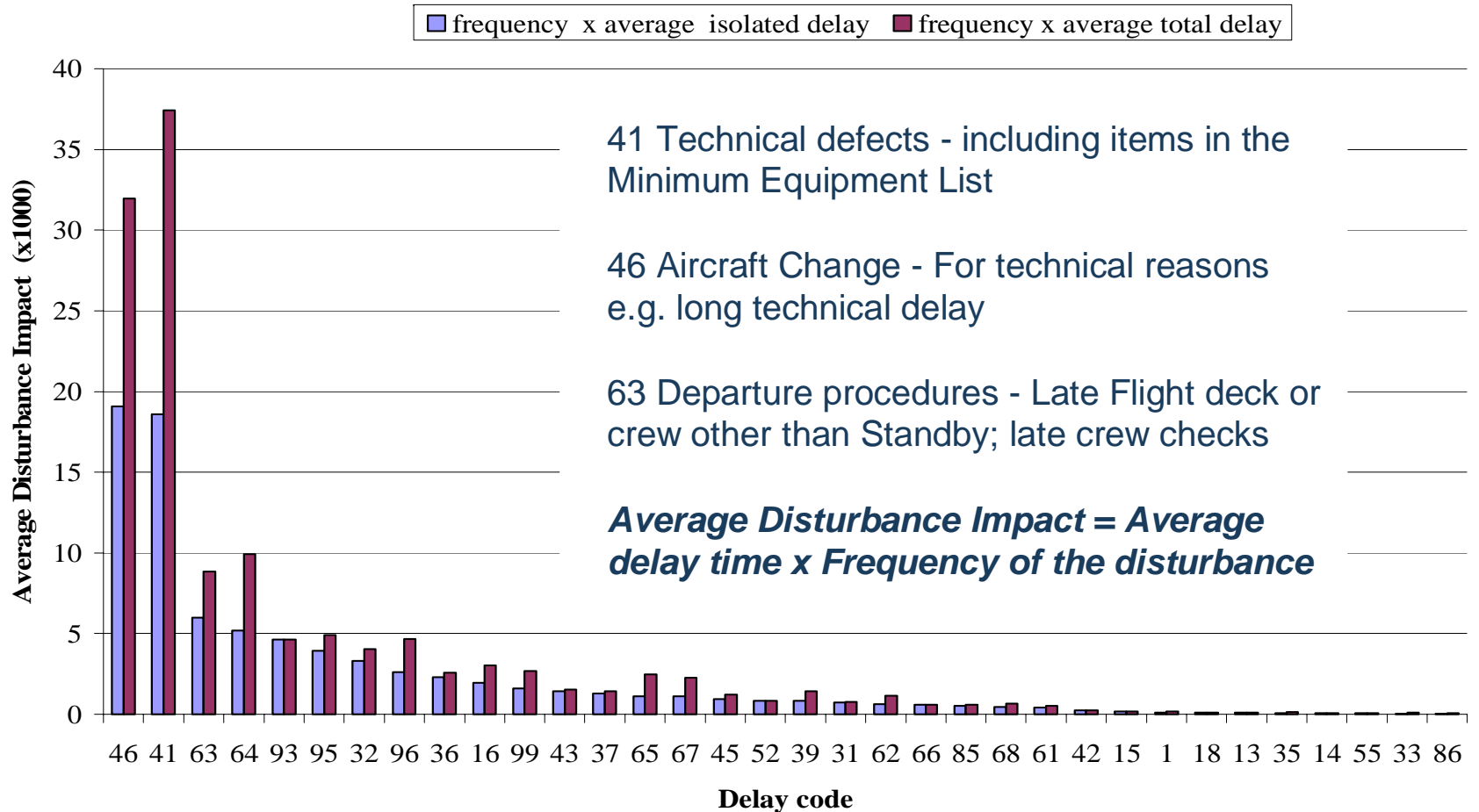
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Currently extending work into Long haul & Cargo Operations.



Delay codes used by Airlines, Airports and Handling organisations. (IATA Standards)



Phase 1. Results

Future turnaround requirements.



1

Zero excess fuel requirements: Carrying excess fuel has to be kept to safe minimums.

2

Better utilisation of aircraft: Ensuring that the time that an aircraft is on the ground is kept to a minimum.

3

Long haul passenger / cargo mix: Today it is very important that spare hold capacity on scheduled flights is utilised.

4

Last minute cargo drop off: Today we are seeing cargo operations providing ever tighter delivery windows.

Reduced number of staff involved in turnaround operations: Many airlines and handling organisations no longer make use of the traditional redcap. (Ramp Co-ordinator)



Phase 1. Results

ID technology applications in turnaround processes



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- Tracking of baggage and passengers
- Improve tracking of turnaround equipment
- Accurate ULD tracking / reducing auditing process
- Configuration control of aircraft safety equipment
- Optimum turnaround to meet service agreements
- Reduce repair and maintenance times
- Provide maintenance manuals / information guides
- Tracking & status information on specialised tooling
- Optimize warehouse utilisation & throughput
- Warn of hazardous material loading configurations
- Accurate tracking of catering trolleys



Phase 2. Under development. Enhance tools & methods for analysing turnaround.



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- Provide an accurate and repeatable method to capture turnaround processes:
 - Identifying the key decision points
 - Related information flows
 - Operational interactions & dependencies
 - Critical path analysis
- Identify how ID technologies can improve turnaround processes. (Reflect on evolving turnaround requirements)
 - Providing improve performance (Speed, Flexibility)
 - Robustness to operational disturbances
 - Provide enhance functionality (Improved Decisions)



Phase 3. Under development. Manual processes linked to ID technologies.



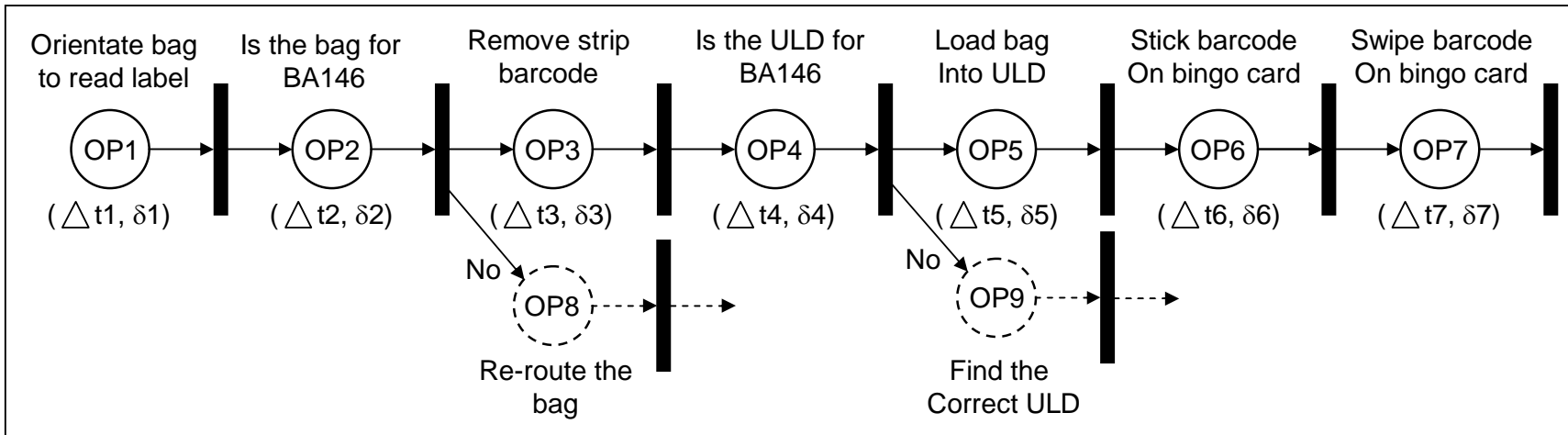
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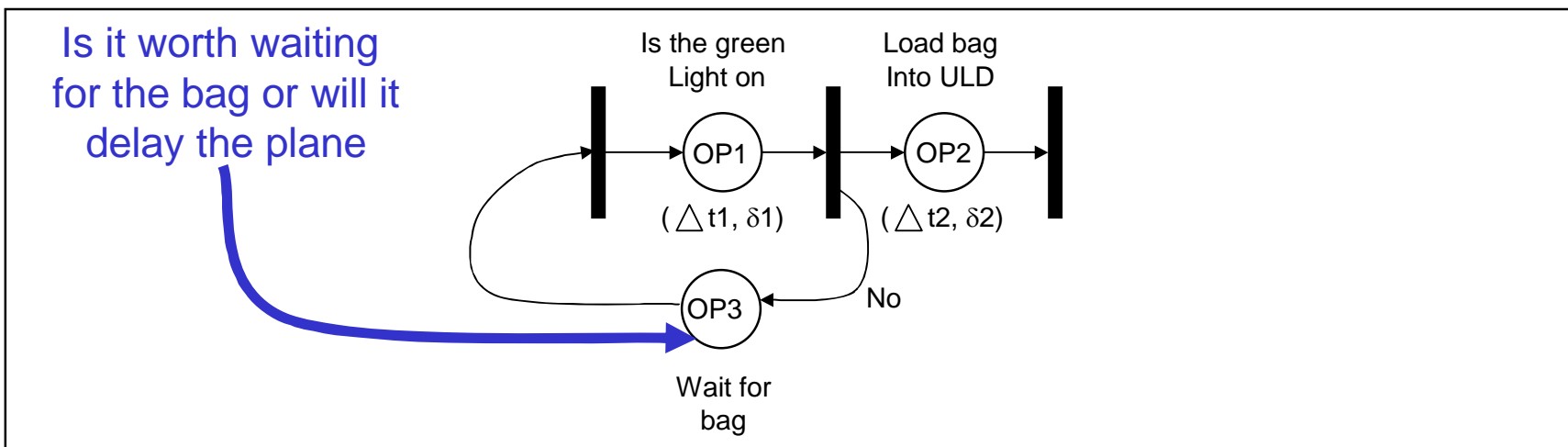
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Bar Code enabled ULD loading (Process)



RFID enabled ULD loading (Process)





Phase 3. Under development. Enhance functionality through data sharing.

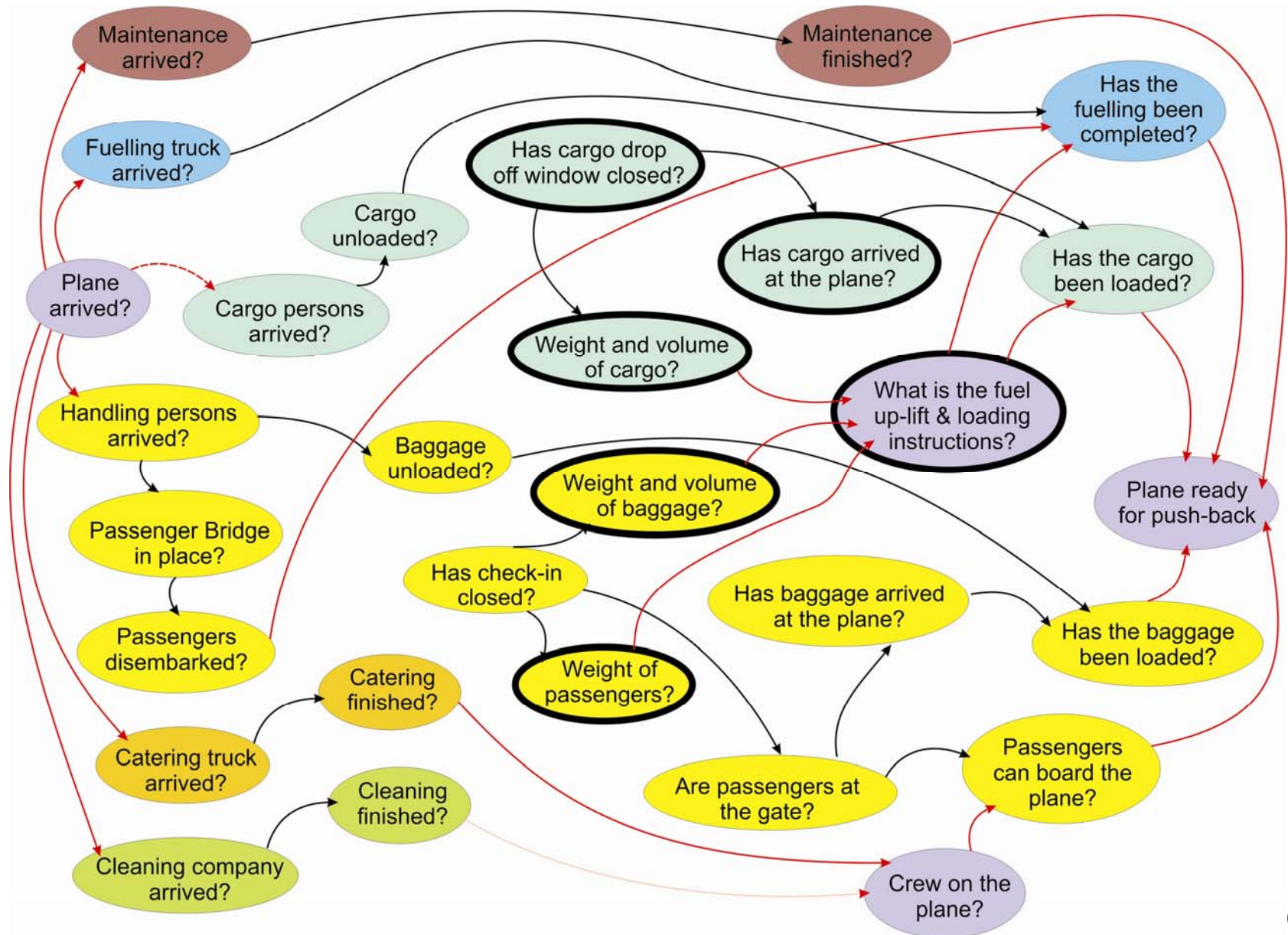


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Observations:



- 1
- 2
- 3
- 4

RFID Impact

Reduce time taken for regular data gathering steps.

Reduce time taken by irregular data gathering steps.

Eliminate manual, complicated data gathering operations.

Better “early warning” information allowing decisions to be made earlier & hence allow decisions to be made earlier.

Benefit

Reduce mean time of any operation on the critical path

Reduce variability of operation on the critical path

Remove operations on the critical path.

Change the critical path such that serial / sequential operations can be done in parallel

Result

Optimised Turnaround



Conclusion:

Better Information = Smarter Turnaround



A number of opportunities within turnaround process that can benefit from the use of ID technologies & data sharing.

- **Improved turnaround performance:**
 - Reduce the number of operational processes.
 - Reduce operational times (Capturing ID information).
 - Provide known levels of flexibility.
- **More robust and agile operation:**
 - Better visibility of turnaround processes (Internally/Externally).
 - Reduce number of unexpected variations.
 - Agile turnaround reacting to observed problems.
- **Opportunistic business response:**
 - Exploit delays / disruptions for new business opportunities.
(e.g. additional cargo, reduced baggage delay costs)